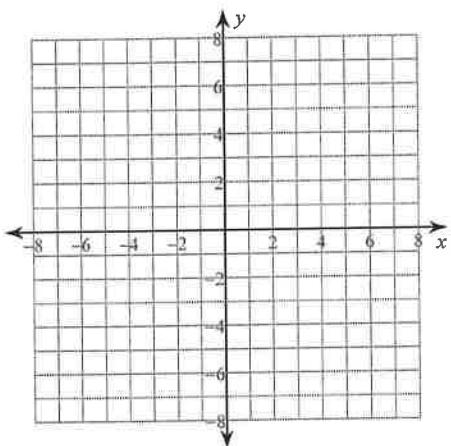


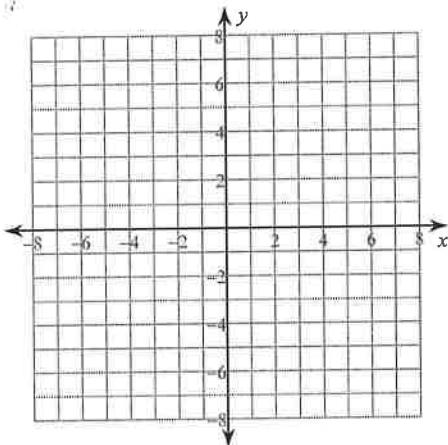
## Rolle's Theorem and Mean Value Theorem

For each problem, find the values of  $c$  that satisfy Rolle's Theorem. You may use the provided graph to sketch the function.

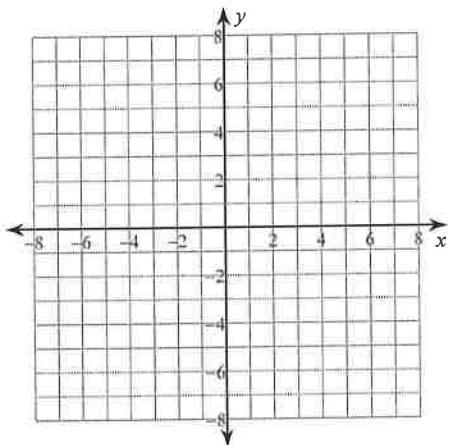
1)  $y = x^2 - 6x + 9; [1, 5]$



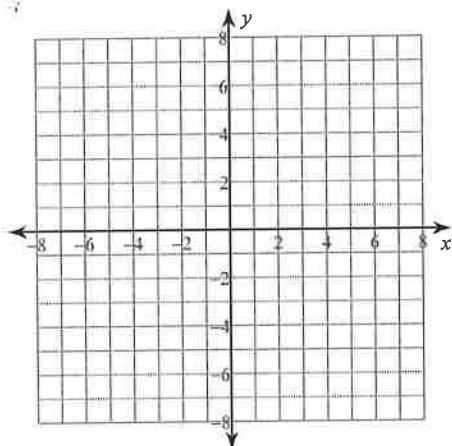
2)  $y = x^2 + 8x + 13; [-7, -1]$



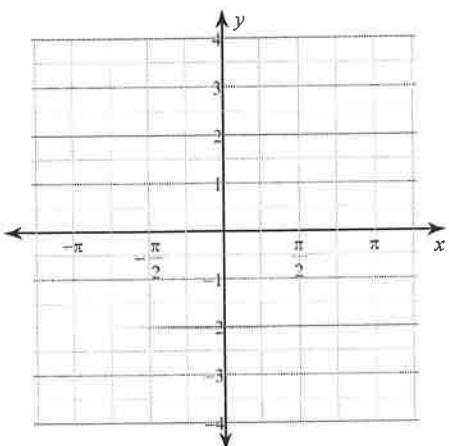
3)  $y = -x^3 + 2x^2 + x - 4; [-1, 2]$



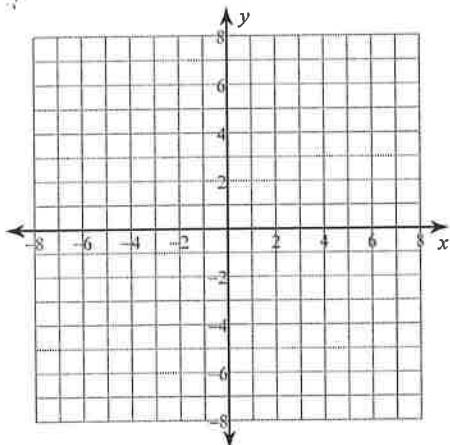
4)  $y = -x^3 + 3x^2 + x - 2; [-1, 3]$



5)  $y = -2\cos(x); [-\pi, \pi]$

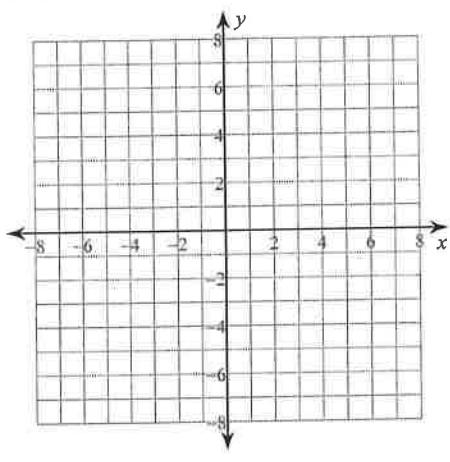


6)  $y = x^3 - 4x^2 - x + 6; [-1, 4]$

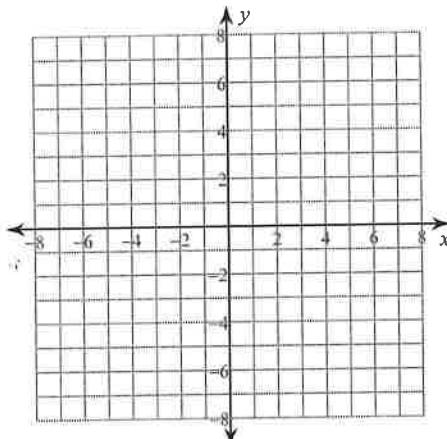


For each problem, find the values of  $c$  that satisfy the Mean Value Theorem. You may use the provided graph to sketch the function.

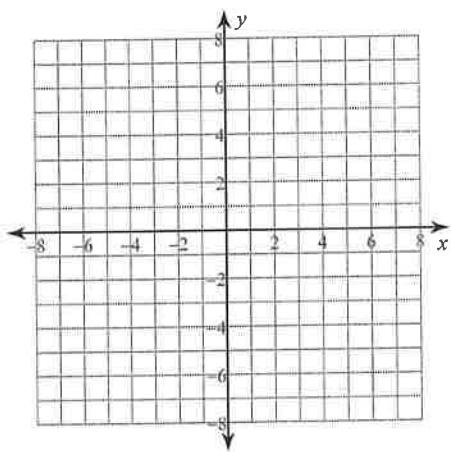
7)  $y = 2x^2 + 16x + 32; [-5, -3]$



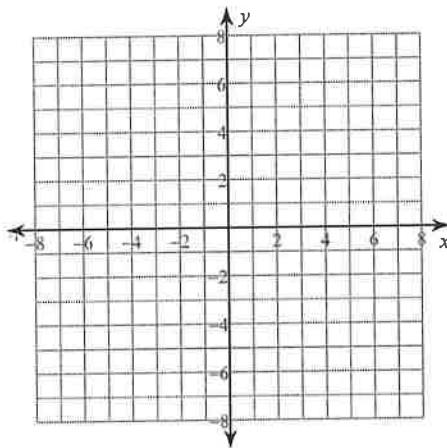
8)  $y = \frac{x^2}{2} + 3x + \frac{7}{2}; [-5, -1]$



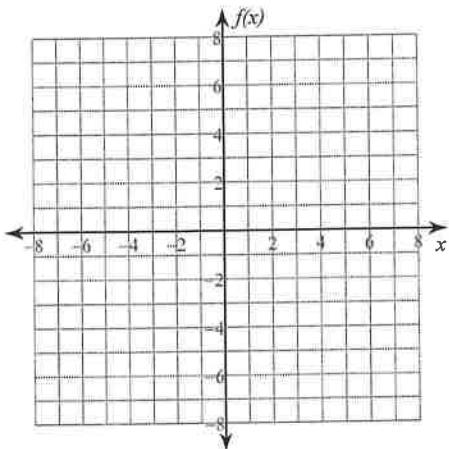
9)  $y = -x^3 + 3x^2 + 1; [0, 3]$



10)  $y = -x^3 + x^2 + 4; [-1, 1]$



11)  $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 - 4; [1, 3]$



12)  $f(x) = -x^3 + 5x^2 - 7x + 1; [1, 3]$

