

U- Substitution

Express each definite integral in terms of u .

1) $\int_{-1}^0 -24x^2(4x^3 + 1)^3 dx; u = 4x^3 + 1$

$$\int_{-3}^1 -2u^3 du = 40$$

2) $\int_{-1}^0 6x(x^2 - 2)^2 dx; u = x^2 - 2$

$$\int_{-1}^{-2} 3u^2 du = -7$$

3) $\int_0^1 \frac{2x}{(x^2 + 1)^3} dx; u = x^2 + 1$

$$\int_1^2 \frac{1}{u^3} du = 3/8$$

4) $\int_0^2 \frac{12x}{(2x^2 + 4)^2} dx; u = 2x^2 + 4$

$$\int_4^{12} \frac{3}{u^2} du = 1/2$$

5) $\int_1^2 -\frac{2x}{(x^2 + 1)^2} dx; u = x^2 + 1$

$$\int_2^5 -\frac{1}{u^2} du = -3/10$$

6) $\int_{-1}^1 18x^2(3x^3 + 1)^2 dx; u = 3x^3 + 1$

$$\int_{-2}^4 2u^2 du = 48$$

Evaluate each indefinite integral.

7) $\int -\frac{24x}{4x^2 + 5} dx$

$$-3 \ln |4x^2 + 5| + C$$

8) $\int -\frac{32x}{4x^2 - 5} dx$

$$-4 \ln |4x^2 - 5| + C$$

9) $\int \frac{6\sec^2 3x}{\tan 3x} dx$

$$2 \ln |\tan 3x| + C$$

10) $\int \frac{15e^{3x}}{e^{3x} + 4} dx$

$$5 \ln (e^{3x} + 4) + C$$