

### 3.1 Standard Form Equations of Lines

Algebra 1

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

CA #2

**Circle all the ordered pairs  $(x, y)$  that are solutions to the given equation.**

1.  $8x - y = 4$

- (0, -4) (3, 20) (-3, -28) (1, 4) (-1, -12)

2.  $x + 7y = 8$

- (1, 1) (7, 1) (-6, 2) (-10, 4) (8, 0)

3.  $6x + y = -3$

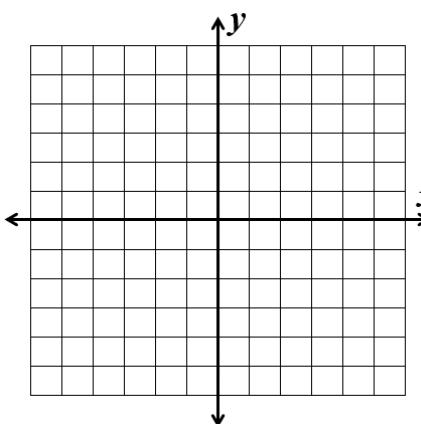
- (3, -20) (0, -1) (1, -8) (-3, 15) (-2, 10)

4.  $4y - 2x = -6$

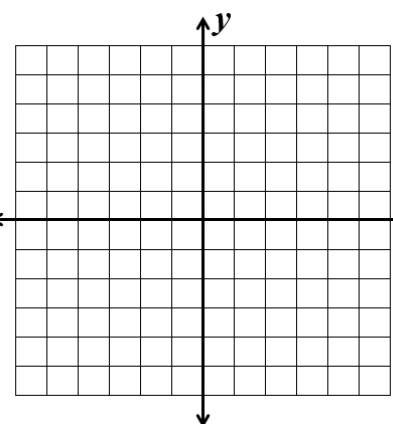
- (1, -1) (2, -1) (-3, -3) (7, 2) (-8, -5)

**Graphing Standard Form. Solve for  $y$ , then graph.**

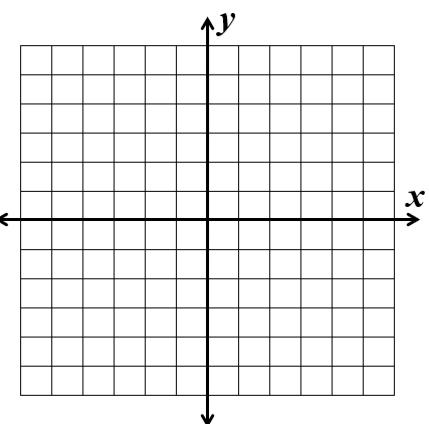
5.  $x + y = -2$



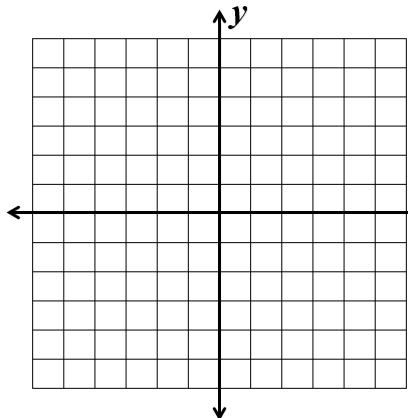
6.  $6x - y = -4$



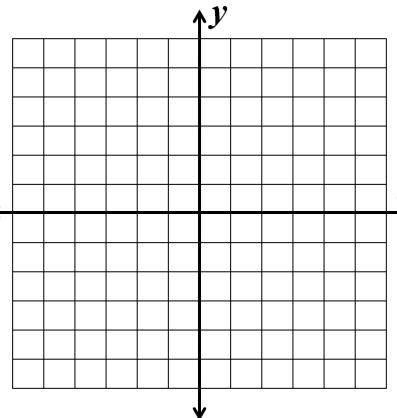
7.  $x = 3$



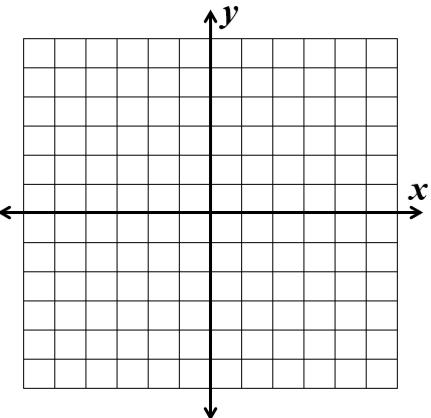
8.  $x + 5y = -25$



9.  $y = 2$

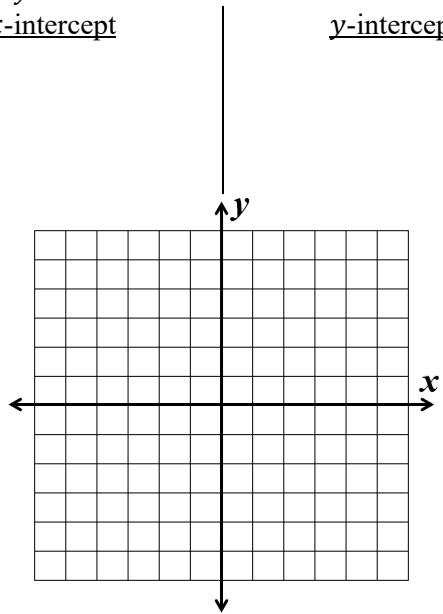


10.  $4x + 3y = 0$

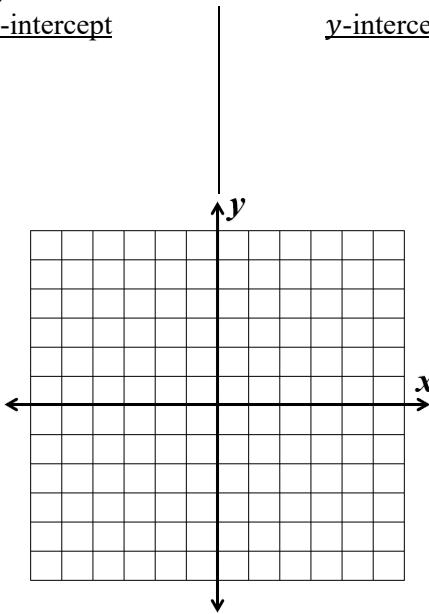


**Graphing Standard Form.** Find the  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts, then graph.

11.  $x + 2y = 2$   
 $x$ -intercept



12.  $x - y = -2$   
 $x$ -intercept       $y$ -intercept



Answers to 3.1 CA #2

1. All five!	2. $(1, 1), (-6, 2), (8, 0)$	3. $(-3, 15)$	4. $(1, -1), (-3, -3)$
5. 	6. 	7. 	8. 
9. 	10. 	11. 	12. 